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Cadiz, June 7. N. S.

MOnsieur *Pointi* arrived here the third Instant from *Brest*, with 3 Frigats, a Pink, and 2 Tenders; he found in this Port two *French* Men of War, that have been cruizing some time off *Sally*, and expects to be shortly joined by 4 Galleys from *Marseilles*, and several Men of War from *Thoulon*, and 'tis said he designs to bombard *Sally*. There are at present 7 *Spanish* Men of War in our Port, which are to sail in 8 or 10 days to the *West-Indies*.

Corunna, June 26. An *English* Man of War, called the *Deal-Castle*, bound to the *Barbadoes*, put into *Vigo* the 15th Instant, and is since sailed again. The *Spanish Alliance* Pacquet-boat arrived here the 23d Instant from *Falmouth*, and will put to Sea again this afternoon. Letters from *Madrid* of the 16th Instant say, the King and Queen of *Spain* arrived there the 3d from *Aranjuez*, and that there was a discourse of their going to pass some time at *Toledo*.

Rome, June 12. The Great Duke of *Tuscany* set out from this Place yesterday, on his return to *Florence*. The Cardinal *de Bouillon* is fallen ill at *Capraruola*, in his return to *France*. Cardinal *Maldachino* being lately dead, which made a third Vacancy in the College of *Cardinals*, the Pope has, at the Nomination of the Emperor, and the Crowns of *France* and *Spain*, disposed of the vacant Caps to the Bishop of *Passau*, the Archbishop of *Paris*, and Don *Borgia*, a Canon of *Toledo*. The Differences between the Cardinal *d'Estrees* and the *Venetian* Ambassador are adjusted. Signior *Aquaviva* being appointed the Pope's Nuncio to the Court of *Spain*, is gone from hence to *Madrid*.

Venice, June 18. There are Letters from *Constantinople* of the 29th of *April*, which say, a Truce of Eight Years is concluded between the Czar of *Muscovy* and the Grand Signior; of which, we must expect the Particulars by the next Advices from thence.

Mittaw, July 18. Duke *Ferdinand* of *Courland* has caused two Orders to be Published, the one to forbid the Exportation of Corn out of this Dutchy, and the other for raising the Militia, who are commanded to Rendezvous at *Libou*, and will be posted along the Sea side, to hinder the *Swedes* from making a Descent. Duke *Ferdinand* is gone to the *Saxon* Camp near *Riga*, where the Regiment of the King of *Poland*'s Horse-Guards is expected in 2 or 3 days from *Warsaw*, and 4000 Horse and 6000 Foot in 10 days or a fortnight from *Saxony*. The *Swedes*, whose Army consists at present in 16000 Effective Men, are making a Bridge of Boats over the *Dwina*, in order, as is supposed, to attack the *Saxons* before they receive these Reinforcements.

Warsaw, June 19. The King of *Poland* intends very soon to begin his Journey to *Prussia*, and the greatest part of his Equipage will be going thither in a day or two. He has caused a Manifesto to be published, setting forth, That the *Swedes* having made several Infractions of the Treaty of *Oliva*, by depriving the Inhabitants of *Livonia* of their Privileges, by laying extraordinary Duties on the Manufactures of *Poland* which are sent to *Livonia*, and by disturbing the Trade of the *Polanders*; The King, for these and several other Reasons, and particularly on account of the Engagement he is under by Treaties with the King of *Denmark*, has thought fit to declare War against the Crown of *Sweden*. The King has resolved to send *Universalia* or Cicular Letters to the several Palatinates, to acquaint them, among other things, That the *Swedes* having given him a just occasion to enter into a War against them, he will endeavour to make use of this opportunity to regain the Province of *Livonia*, which formerly belonged to the Republick of *Poland* in pursuance of an Article of the *Pacta Conventa*, whereby he is oblig'd to use his utmost Endeavours to recover whatever Lands the Republick has lost. The Preparations for carrying on the War are continued, and a considerable Sum of Money is expected for this purpose from *Saxony*. The King intends to take into his Service a great number of *Cossacks* that were discharged some time ago out of the Army of the Crown.

Berlin, June 26. The Elector of *Brandenburgh*'s Forces continue to assemble near *Lentzen*. The King of *Denmark* has writ to his Electoral Highness, to desire he will order his Forces to join the Succours he expects from the King of *Poland*; but his Electoral Highness has answered, That he is resolved not to have any Part in the Troubles in *Holstein*, but rather to use his utmost Endeavours to restore the Publick Peace; and the Elector has sent Orders to Monsieur *Busch*, his Minister at *Hamburgh*, to employ his Offices to this effect jointly with the Ministers of *England* and *Holland*; And to propose to the several Parties engaged in the War, a Cessation of Armes for 4, 5, or 6 Weeks, on Condition, That the Confederate Forces shall retire on this side the River *Bille*, and that the King of *Denmark* shall cause his Forces to march out of the Duke of *Holstein*'s Territories, and that during this Term, the demanding of Contributions, quartering of Soldiers, and all manner of Hostilities, shall cease on either side. Monsieur *d'Opdam*, Envoy from the States-General, had this day a Conference with the Sieurs *Fuchs* and *Smettau*, about renewing the Treaties of Alliance between the Elector and the States-General. Lieutenant-General *Fleming*, and the Marquis *de la Foreſt*, arrived here this day from *Poland*.

Rensbourg, June 27. The King of *Denmark* is gone from hence to *Gluckstat*. The two Armies continue very near each other, being only separated by the River *Auw*; the Confederate Camp near